Science

FLE Y3/4

How do some solids, liquids and gases change state?

What I have learnt before:

 In class Cremyll we learnt how to identify, name and describe a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock.



Ice





Water



Forever Facts

A solid is a material or object with a defined shape and a fixed volume.

A liquid is a state of matter with no fixed shape but a fixed volume.

Gas is a state of matter with no fixed shape and no fixed volume.

Some materials can change state, e.g. water is in its solid state (ice) at 0°C or below, liquid state (water) between 0 and 100°C and in its gas state (steam) at 100 °C and above.

The water cycle is the natural recycling and movement of water on planet Earth.

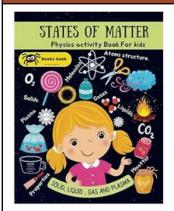
Skills

Measure temperature changes in water over time.

Research the water cycle and how it works.

Identify solids, liquids or gases.

Exciting Books



Our Endpoint

I can explain how solids, liquids and gases change state.

Subject Specific Vocabulary

volume	The amount of space a solid, liquid or a gas takes up.
evaporation	When a liquid changes to a gas.
condensation	When a gas changes into a liquid.
melting	When a solid becomes a liquid.
solidifying	When a liquid becomes a solid.
precipitation	Rain, snow, sleet and hail.
degrees – Celsius (°C)	The most common unit of temperature.

Personal development:

Develop an awareness of the world around them. Jobs you could do: working within science, education and engineering.